# Gazette of the United States, Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2370.] PHILADELPHIA, [illegible]AY EVENING, MAY 1, 1800. [VOLUME XVII.


☞ *The price of this Gazette is* EIGHT DOLLARS *per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

*** *No Subscription will be received for a shorter term than six months.*

December 1 1799.

## Territory of the United States, *North West of the river Ohio.*

For the information of non-residents, proprietors of lands, situate and lying within said territory.

*By a law passed in the general assembly of said territory, on the 19th of December, A. D. 1799, entitled "An Act levying a Territorial Tax on Land," all lands lying within said territory, the property of individuals, non-residents, as well as residents, are subjected to taxation to defray territorial expences.*

### EXTRACTS FROM SAID LAW.

Published by Authority.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be paid within this territory, the following taxes, for every hundred acres of land, and so in proportion for a greater or smaller quantity: the land shall be divided into three rates, according to the quality, that is to say, first second and third rate—the first rate shall be taxed at eighty-five cents, second rate at sixty cents and the 3d rate at twenty-five cents, per hundred acres, which said taxes shall be paid annually in the manner described by this act; and the following rule shall be observed in rating any tract of land, to wit—when a greater part of a tract shall be superior in point of quality to second rate land it shall be denominated first rate; when a greater part of a tract shall be inferior to first rate and superior to third rate in point of quality, it shall be denominated second rate; and when the greater part of a tract of land shall be inferior to second rate, it shall be denominated third rate land—taking into view the surface of the earth as well as the quality of the soil. *Provided always*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to subject to taxation, any lands lying within the limits of the contract made by John Cleves Symmes and his associates, with the board of treasury, and without the boundaries of [illegible] granted by the United States: *And provided also*, That the unimproved lands in the Vincennes and Illinois country, shall not be listed at higher than second rate.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the territory shall have a perpetual lien on every tract of land and every part thereof, for the amount of all taxes, and 10 per centum interest thereon, from the first day of September; and no alienation of lands belonging to any person, or neglect in entering or listing the same, shall effect the claim or lien of this territory, until the taxes and interest thereof due from such person, are paid.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That the territorial auditor and the clerk of the peace of each county respectively, shall keep a book for the purpose of entering lands of non residents in manner and form hereinafter directed. All non residents shall enter their lands with the auditor, or with the clerk of the peace of the country in which the land lies, on or before the first day of July, who shall administer an oath to the person delivering such list, or by any other means procure satisfactory information for the purpose of ascertaining the quality of such land, placing it in its proper class, under the name of the county in which it lies; and every non resident shall enter his or her land, agreeably to the rules and regulation of this act, as in case of residents. All taxes on lands, listed by the commissioner, and returned to the clerk as aforesaid, shall be paid, with interest thereon, to the sheriff or collector, as the case may be. And the taxes on all lands, listed by the auditor (or by the clerks of the peace and certified to the auditor) with the interest that may be due thereon, shall be paid to the territorial treasurer or to the sheriff or collector of the proper county, but the treasurer shall not receive from the non resident, any taxes, unless such non resident pay the same before the first day of August, annually, nor until such non resident shall produce to him, a certificate from the auditor or the clerk of the peace respectively, of the quality of the land, for which he or she is about to pay the tax, with the amount due thereon, which certificate shall be, by the treasurer, filed in his office. The auditor of the territory and the clerk of the peace of the several counties respectively, shall keep books of transfers; and every non resident, who has entered his or her lands, in manner aforesaid, may, on the transferring the same or any part thereof to any other person or persons, have the alteration made with the auditor or clerk of the peace respectively, and charged to the person or persons to whom transferred, and such person shall be chargable with the tax of such land or lands thereafter; and each person having the alteration made, shall pay to the auditor or clerk of the peace respectively, twenty-five cents, to his own use. And it shall be the further duty of the auditor, in the month of August, yearly and every year, to transmit to the clerks of the peace of the several counties respectively, a certified extract of all lands entered in his office, or alterations therein made in the preceding year, noting thereon the tracts of land on which the taxes have been paid into the territorial treasury. *Provided always*, That it shall be the duty of the several clerks of the peace, upon receiving from the auditor, a list of the non residents' lands entered in his office, to make diligent search and enquiry of the non residents' lands lying in each of their respective counties; and after comparing the said auditorial list with the list of non residents' lands entered in his office, shall proceed to list all the residue of the lands belonging to non-residents not before listed, noting the quantity and quality of the several tracts of land, so by him discovered and not before entered, and such as he cannot with certainty ascertain the quality of, he shall enter as second rate; and shall make out and transmit one copy to the territorial auditor, and a second copy of such list the clerk shall deliver to the sheriff or collector of the proper county, to govern him in collecting the taxes due thereon, as in other cases of non residents' lands.

Sec. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That the sheriff or collector shall be authorised to sell so much of each tract of land charged with taxes, as will discharge the amount thereof, with costs: *Provided* goods chattels cannot be found thereon to the amount. And the sheriff or collector in that case, shall advertise the time and place of sale one month, at the door of the court-house, and also, at four other public places in his county; and if the person claiming the land does not pay the amount on or before the expiration of the time, the sheriff or collector shall proceed to sell; after such sale, the sheriff or collector shall deliver to the purchaser a certificate of the quantity of land sold, describing therein the tract that was charged with the tax, and the end or side from which the quantity sold was taken, which shall always be laid off as nearly in a square as the situation will admit of: And the surveyor of the county, on the receipt of such certificate, shall by himself or deputy proceed to survey the quantity sold as aforesaid, agreeably to the said certificate, and charge the purchaser with the expence of the same. The [illegible] or his deputy as the case [illegible] in the form [illegible] on which the survey [illegible]: And upon the plat and certificate of survey being presented to the sheriff or collector, it shall be his duty to convey the same to the purchaser by deed, in due form of law executed, which conveyance shall vest in the purchaser all the right, title and interest of the proprietor; and in consideration of law shall also vest the possession of the land in the purchaser: *Provided always*, that nothing therein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to bar the right or equity of redemption, which any infant, person non compos mentis, or in captivity, may have the land so sold, *provided* the taxes and charges thereon, with interest, and an equitable compensation for improvements thereon made, be rendered within one year after such disability be removed.

Sec. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That when any tract of land, or part thereof, is not sold upon being exposed, and the tax on the same not paid, it shall be the duty of the sheriff or collector to advertise and expose the same to sale in like manner, as to time and place as aforesaid, at every court of quarter sessions, until the land be sold or the tax be paid thereon; and no sheriff or collector, or their deputies, shall directly or indirectly purchase any land that shall be exposed to sale for the payment of taxes.

Sec. 16. *And be it further enacted*, That when any non-resident fails to pay to the treasurer the tax and interest due on any tract of land, on or before the said month of August annually, the auditor shall, at the same time when he transmits to the several clerks of the counties the amount of lands entered in his office, certify to the several sheriffs or collectors, as the case may be, such failure of payment, stating particularly the amount of the taxes due thereon; and also at the same time advertise the same in one of the Gazettes of this territory, for four weeks successively; whereupon the sheriff or collector shall, forthwith after receiving such list, proceed to advertise on the court house door of his proper county, the said tracts of lands on which the tax is due, stating the amount thereof, and that he shall proceed to make sale of the same to satisfy said taxes, unless the same shall be paid on or before the first Monday in November, or so much thereof as will pay the taxes and expences attending the sale; and the said sheriff or collector shall advertise the same in four different public places within the county, and if the amount of taxes is not paid, on or before the time mentioned, the sheriff or collector shall proceed to sell each tract, or so much thereof as will amount to the taxes and interest, with legal costs: and when any tract, or part thereof be sold, the sheriff or collector shall proceed in the same manner to have the same conveyed to the purchaser as is directed in case of residents; and it shall not be lawful for the sheriff or collector, or their deputies, directly or indirectly purchase any land sold under this [illegible].

Sec. 17. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the territorial auditor to publish such extract from this law, as relates to the lands or improvements, in one newspaper within [illegible] and if in one newspaper at the [illegible] government, and at the [illegible] at Richmond in Virginia; and the [illegible] ton in Massachusetts; and the [illegible] Hartford, Connecticut, for the term [illegible] weeks, to commence on the first [illegible] February next, and the expences [illegible] shall be defrayed out of the territorial treasury.

True extracts from the law,
RICE BULLOCK.
*Auditor of Public Accounts N. W. T.*

☞ The Auditor of the Territory has opened his office at Cincinnati, north-western territory, where he is at all times ready to receive and enter the lands of non-residenters in his office, subject to the payment of taxes under the above law.

R. BULLOCK.
*Auditor of Public Accounts, N. W. T.*
Cincinnati, Feb. 1, 1800.

Printers are requested to give the foregoing extract a place in their respective papers for the benefit of those concerned.

March 21. law6w.

## Prevention better than Cure.

*For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended*

DR. HAHN'S
*Anti-bilious Pills,*

WHICH have been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West-Indies, and the southern parts of the United States, particularly in Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, &c. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy, has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine, than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere assertion, could do.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason, which can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these pills, taken once every two weeks during the prevalence of our annual bilious fevers, will prove an [illegible] generally succeed in restoring health and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild and may be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequence. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness of the stomach and severe head-aches, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing most disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

DR. HAHN'S
*Genuine Eye-water.*

A certain and safe remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness, or of accident, speedily removing inflammations, defluxions of rheum, dullness, itching, and films in the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues when nearly deprived of sight.

*Tooth-ache Drops.*

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

*The Anodyne Elixir.*

For the cure of every kind of head-ache, and for pains in the face and neck.

*Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.*

This medicine has never failed, in many thousand cases not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than one bottle, and numbers not half a bottle. The money will be returned if the cure is not performed.

SOLD BY WM. Y. BIRCH,
*STATIONER,*
No. 17, South Second Street,
*And no where else, in Philadelphia.*

Where also may be had, Dr. Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, his Sovereign Elixir for coughs, &c. Restorative Drops, Essence and Extract of Mustard, Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, Dr. Hahn's infallible German Corn Plaister, Indian Vegetable Specific for the Venereal complaint, Gowland's and Persian Lotion, Restorative Tooth Powder, Damask Lip Salve, Church's Cough Drops, Anderson's Pills, &c. &c.

april 16 2aw4w

## *Three Cents Reward.*

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 26th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howchel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money, proud, bold and impudent, a noted liar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve.

*DANIEL FITZPATRICK.*
Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.
august 6 3awaf

*THE UNDERSIGNED,*

HIS Swedish Majesty's Consul General, and authorized to transact the Consular Business, for his Majesty the King of Denmark in the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia,

*Hereby gives public Notice,*

That in obedience to recent instructions received [illegible] it is the duty of all masters of vessels, [illegible] from any port in the said States, to call upon him or the vice Consul, in order to be granted such Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the state of the Neutral Commerce and the several Decrees of the Belligerent Powers, render indispensably necessary, and, that any Master of vessels belonging to the respective nations, or navigating under the protection of their flags, in omitting to take such certificates, will personally stand responsible for the consequences.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.
Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

## BOONETON IRON WORKS.

*TO BE SOLD,*

OR LEASED FOR ONE YEAR—THAT

*Valuable Estate,*

KNOWN by the name of the Booneton Iron Works, situate in the county of Morris in the state of New-Jersey, consisting of a Forge with four fires, a Rolling and Slitting Mill, a Grist mill with two Run of stones, and Saw mill, all in good order and now in use, together with an excellent, large, and convenient house, with out-houses of every kind; among which are an ice house, and stone milk-house, with a remarkable fine spring in it, a large Garden, and an excellent collection of Fruit, a large Orchard, and 1500 acres of wood, part [illegible] land, and a great number of [illegible] immediate possession [illegible] for [illegible] stock [illegible] ent winter and possession [illegible] the [illegible] spring.

For terms apply to [illegible] Ogden at Newark, mr Peter Mackie in New-York, mr. David Ford in Morris Town, or messrs. Jacob and Richard Faesch on the premises.

January 21

## FACTS

*Submitted to public consideration, as additional evidences of the efficacy of*

Dr. HAMILTON'S MEDICINES,

IN THE CURE OF

Most Diforders to which the human body is liable.

### RHEUMATISM.

JOHN HOOVER, Rope-maker, South Second street, between Mary and Christian streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath, as follows: namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with violent rheumatisms, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for [illegible] medy attempted. [illegible] seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed to the 25th day of March, 1800, before Ebenezer Fergusion, Esq. one of the Justices of the Peace for Philadelphia county.

### DANGEROUS COLD.

DAVID GILBERT, Toyman, No. 46, South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath, as follows: namely, that about eight months ago, he caught a severe cold, which resisted every remedy he could think of, and produced the most alarming effects; he could procure no rest for incessant coughing, nor breathe without great pain and difficulty, and was finally so exhausted, as to be scarcely able to walk about, which left his friends little hopes of his recovery, though the prescriptions of a respectable physician were constantly attended to. In this situation hearing of the efficacy of Hamilton's Elixir, a bottle was procured from Mr. Birch, No 17, South Second Street; the first dose of which afforded the most surprising relief, and gave him more ease than he had enjoyed during the whole of the above period, and before the contents of one bottle were taken, he was perfectly cured, his strength and appetite recovered, and not a symptom of his former distressing complaints remained.

The above particulars the said David Gilbert wishes to be made public, as a testimony of his gratitude, and for the benefit of mankind.

DAVID GILBERT.

Sworn and subscribed before me the 24th day of March, 1800.

JOHN JENNINGS, Alderman.

### TO PARENTS

*Who may have Children afflicted with the Hooping Cough,*

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

### WORMS.

A daughter of Mr. Ewing Wiley, No. 109 Cedar street, Philadelphia, was dreadfully afflicted with worms, insomuch that her life was with great reason despaired of; her complexion faded and grew pale and sallow; her eyes sunken; her appetite was lost, and succeeded by a painful and constant sickness at the stomach; which general wasting and debility was accompanied with every appearance of a dangerous fever. From this deplorable situation she was relieved, and restored to a state of perfect health and strength in a few days, by the use of Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which expelled a great number of large pointed worms, from six to nine or twelve inches in length; one of which being a most extraordinary thickness, (supposed from half an inch to an inch in diameter) was opened and found to contain a quantity of young ones

The above is communicated by Mr. Wiley, believing its perusal may be useful to many, by extending the knowledge of a medicine which merits universal attention: But this testimony is only a corroboration of the evidence of MORE THAN FIFTY THOUSAND persons of all ages, who have, within twenty months past, been cured by this medicine, with the utmost ease and safety, of various complaints, arising from worms and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

*Dr. Hamilton's Grand Restorative*

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution; the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, of any other destructive intemperance; the unskilful or excessive use of mercury; the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life; bad lying in, &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalelled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, lofs of appetite, impurity of the blood, hysterical affections, general weaknesses, violent cramps in the stomach and back, indigestion, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, seminal weaknesses, obstinate gleets, flour albus (or whites) impotency, barrenness, &c.

This medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, and which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects, and which, acting as a temporary but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infallibly produce greater evils than those they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive powers, and sending from that organ new health and vigour into every part of the system. It enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it; brace, without stimulating too violently the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and the general habit; brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into langor and debility.

The Restorative is absolutely above all recommendation, in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

The most obstinate seminal gleets; and the most distressing cases of flour albus in females falls particularly under the province of this restorative; speedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humors, restoring a proper degree of tension to the relaxed fibres, and strengthening the weakened organs.

In cases of extremity where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverence in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

The grand restorative is prepared in pills as well as in a fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect. Their virtues remain unimpaired for years in any climate.

*Dr. Hahn's true and genuine*
GERMAN CORN PLAISTER,

And infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

*The genuine Persian Lotion,*

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellant minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing cutaneous blemishes of the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, pits after small pox, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters ringworms, sun burns, [illegible] without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration, which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth, improving the complexion and restoring the bloom of youth; never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

*The Damask Lip Salve*

Is recommended (particularly to the ladies) as an elegant and pleasant preparation for chopped and sore lips and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by colds, fevers, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy colour and delicate softness to the lips.

*The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.*

This most excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all that acrimmonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

*Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.*

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using; being the most speedy, effectual and pleasant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that this ointment does not contain a single particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its composition, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, and on infants newly born. Price 3-4ths of a dollar each box.

*Patent Indian Vegetable Specific,*

For the cure of Venereal complaints of every description: An extensive trial of near four years, has proved the Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the venereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution, and has restored health to many who have been brought to the brink of the grave by the improper administration of mercury.

Within this period upwards of eight thousand patients have experienced its salutary effects.

With the medicine is given, a description of the symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease with copious directions for their treatment, so as to accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and with the least inconvenience possible.

*Infallible ague and fever drops.*

A long eulogium on the virtues of this medicine is unnecessary, as the money will be returned if the patient is not relieved, it never having failed in many thousand cases, not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than a bottle and numbers not half a bottle.

*Dr. Hahn's celebrated Anti-Bilious Pills.*

Which have been uniformly successful in the cure of bilious and malignant fevers, and in all disorders of the head, stomach and bowels.

*Gowland's Genuine Lotion—Church's Cough Drops—Anderson's Pill's, &c.*

☞ Take notice, the above valuable medicines, are sold in Philadelphia by William Young Birch, stationer, No. 17, south second street, and by no one else in the city. Likewise observe that the signature of Lee and Co. (the general agents for the United States) is pasted on the outside of each without which they cannot be genuine.

Purchasers by the dozen or grose will receive a liberal allowance by applying to Lee and Co. Baltimore

March 28. m&tuw

# PROPOSALS,

FOR CARRYING

## *The Mails of the United States,*

On the following Post Roads,

*Will be received at the General Post Office, Philadelphia, until the 10th day of July next.*

1. FROM Portsmouth, by Hamptonfalls, Newburyport, Ipswich, Beverley, Salem and Lynn to Boston, three times a week.

*From April 15 to October 15.*

Leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 A. M and arrive at Boston the same days by 6 P. M. *Returning*, leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A. M and arrive at Portsmouth the same days by 6 P. M.

*From October 15 to April 15.*

Leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1 P. M. and arrive at Boston on the following days, Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M. *Returning*, leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Portsmouth the next days, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A. M.

2. From Boston by Worcester, Brookfield, Springfield, Suffield, Hartford, Wethersfield, Middletown, Durham, Wallingford, New-Haven, Milford, Stratford, Fairfield, Norwalk, Stamford, New Rochelle, East Chester and Haerlem to New-York, three times a week.

*From April 15 to October 15.*

Leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M. arrive at Worcester by 6 P M. Leave Worcester every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. Arrive at Brookfield by 10 A M. at Springfield by 2 P M. at Suffield by 5 P M. and at Hartford at 9 P M. the same days. Leave Hartford every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 A M. arrive at New Haven by noon; leave New-Haven at 1 P M. and arrive at Stamford by 9 P M. same days. Leave Stamford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. and arrive at New-York same days by 12 o'clock, noon. *Returning*, leave New-York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M. arrive at Stamford in the evening; leave Stamford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3 A M; arrive at New-Haven by noon; leave New-Haven at 1 P M. and arrive at Hartford by 9 P M; leave Hartford on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 3 A M; arrive at Springfield by 10 A M, and at Worcester by 9 P M; leave Worcester every Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday by 3 A M, and arrive at Boston same days by 1 P M.

*From October 15 to April 15.*

Leave Boston every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 A M; arrive at Worcester by 8 P M; leave Worcester on Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 4 A M; arrived at Suffield same days by 8 P M. Leave Suffield Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday at 4 A M. and arrive at New-Haven by 8 P M. Leave New-Haven every Friday, Monday and Wednesday at 4 A M, and arrive at New-York the next days Saturday, Tuesday and Thursday by 11 A M.

*Returning*, leave New-York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M: arrive at New-Haven on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 P M. Leave New-Haven every Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 4 A M, arrive at Suffield by 8 P M. Leave Suffield Tuesday arrive at Worcester by 8 P M. Leave Worcester every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A M. and arrive at Boston the same days by 4 P M.

3. From New-York by Newark, Elizabethtown, Rahway, Woodbridge, New-Brunswick, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol and Frankford to Philadelphia, every day, Sunday excepted.

Leave New-York every day, Sunday excepted, at 1 P M. and arrive in Philadelphia the next day at 7 A M 18 hours. Returning, leave Philadelphia every day, Sunday excepted at 1 P. M. and arrive at New-York the next day by 7 A M. From November 1 to May 1, the hour of arrival at Philadelphia and at New-York shall be extended to 8 A M.

4. From Baltimore by Bladensburg to Washington every day, Sunday excepted.

*April 1 to November 1.*

Leave Baltimore every day at 11 A M. and arrive at Washington by 6 P M. Returning, leave Washington every day at 3 A M. and arrive at Baltimore by 11 A M.

*November 1 to April 1.*

Leave Baltimore every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Washington by 2 P M. *Returning*, leave Washington every day at 10 A M. and arrive at Baltimore by 7 P M.

5. From Washington city by George town, Alexandria, Colchester, Dumfries, Aquica, Falmouth, Fredericksburg, Bowling Green and Hanover court house to Richmond, c. h. every day, Sundays excepted.

*From April 1 to November 1.*

Leave Washington every day at 8 A M. and arrive at Fredericksburg by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 3 A M and arrive at Richmond by 6 P M. Returning, leave Richmond every day by 3 A M. and arrive at Fredericksburg by 6 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day by 3 A M. and arrive at Washington by 4 P M.

*November 1 to April 1.*

Leave Washington every day at 4 P M. and arrive at Alexandria by 7 P M. and arrive at Fredericksburg the next days by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Richmond the next days by 10 A M. *Returning*, leave Richmond every day at 2 P M and arrive at Fredericksburg the next days by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 4 A M, and arrive at Washington the next days by 8 A. M.

6. From Richmond to Petersburg every day, Sundays excepted. Leave Richmond every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Petersburg by 10 o'clock, A M. Returning leave Petersburg every day at 2 P M. and arrive at Richmond the same days by 7 P M.

7. From Richmond by New Kent court house, Williamsburg, York-town and Hampton to Norfolk, 3 times a week.

*April 1 to November 1.*

Leave Richmond every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. Arrive at New-York by 6 P M, and arrive at Norfolk the next days, Wednesdays, Friday, and Sundays by 1 P M *Returning*, leave Norfolk every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 A M; arrive at York in the evening. Leave York every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday by 3 A M, and arrive at Richmond the same days by 6 P M.

*November 1 to April 1.*

Leave Richmond every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M; arrive at Norfolk in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 10 A M. *Returning*, leave Norfolk every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M. and arrive at Richmond in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 10 A M.

8. From Petersburg by Cabbin Point Surry court house, Smithfield, Suffolk and Portsmouth to Norfolk three times a week.

Leave Petersburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 12 o'clock, noon, arrive at Suffolk the next days by 1 P *M*; leave Suffolk at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Norfolk by 8 P *M*. Returning, leave Norfolk every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A *M*; arrive at Suffolk same days by 10 A *M*. Leave Suffolk at 11 A *M*, and arrive at Petersburg every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by noon.

9. Petersburg by Harrisville, Goldsonville and Warrenton to Louisburg three times a week.

Leave Petersburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*. and arrive at Louisburg in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 10 A *M*. Returning, leave Louisburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Petersburg in two days on Wednesday, Friday and *Monday* at 10 A. *M*.

10. From Louisburg by Raleigh, Averysboro' and Fayetteville to *Mc*. Falls, three times a week.

Leave Louisburg every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*, arrive at *Mc*. Falls on Tuesday, Friday and Sunday by 9 A *M*.

*Returning*, leave *M*'Falls on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P *M*, and arrive at Louisburg on Wednesday, Friday and *Monday* at 10 A *M*.

11. From *M*'Falls by Chereau court house to Camden three times a week. Leave *M*'Falls every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday at 1 P *M*, and arrive at Camden on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday at 10 A *M*. Returning, leave Camden every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at *M*'Falls on Thursday, Saturday and *Monday* at 10 A *M*.

12. From Camden by Statesburg and Jamesville to Charleston, three times a week. When the river is so high as to make long Ferries, the mail shall be carried from Camden on the south side of Santee river

Leave Camden every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Charleston on Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday at 10 A *M*.

*Returning*, leave Charleston every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 3 P *M*, and arrive at Camden the next Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

13. From Camden by Columbia, Edgefield court house, and Campbell town to Augusta, three times a week.

Leave Candenevery, Sunday, *Tuesday* and *Thursday* at 2 P M, and arrive at Augusta on *Tuesday*, *Thursday* and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

*Returning*, leave Augusta every Sunday, *Tuesday*, and *Thursday* at 3 P M, and arrive at Camden on *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

14 From Charleston by Jacksonsborough and Coosawhatchy to Savannah twice a week.

Leave Charleston every Tuesday and Thursday at 6 P M. arrive at Jacksonsborough on Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M. arrive at Coosawhatchy on Thursday and Saturday by 5 A M. and arrive at Savannah on Friday and Sunday by 8 A M. *Returning*, Leave Savannah every Saturday and Tuesday by 4 A M. arrive at Coosawhatchy by 8 P M. and arrive at Charleston on Tuesday and Thursday by 10 A M.

15. From Augusta by Louisville to Savannah once a week.

Leave Augusta every Tuesday at 2 P M. arrive *Monday* at 8 A M. and arrive at Savannah on Tuesday at 5. p. m. leave Savannah on Wednesday at 8 a. m. and arrive at Louisville on Thursday by 5 p. m. leave Louisville on Friday at 6 a. m. and arrive at Augusta on Saturday at 10 a. m.

16. From Augusta by Waynesborough to Savannah once a week.

Leave Augusta every Tuesday at 2 P M arrive at Waynesborough on Wednesday by 8 A. M. and arrive at Savannah on Friday by 3 P M. *Returning*, leave Savannah every Saturday at 9 A M. arrive at Waynsborough on Monday by 3 P M. and arrive at Augusta on Tuesday by 9 A M.

17. From Waynesborough to Louisville.

Leave Waynesborough every Wednesday at 9 A M. and arrive at Louisville by 3 P M. *Returning*, leave Louisville every Thursday at 5 A M. and arrive at Waynesborough by 1 P M.

18. From Savannah by Sunbury, Riceborough, Darien and Brunswick to Stary's once a week.

Leave Savannah every Wednesday at 9 A M. arrive at Riceborough on Thursday by 10 A M. and arrive at Starys on Saturday by 9 A M. *Returning*, leave St. Marys every Saturday at 3 P M. arrive at Riceborough the next Monday by 3 P M. and arrive at Savannah the next Tuesday by 5 P

NOTES.

*Note* 1. The mail on the route No. 9, 10, 11 and 12 is to be carried in a wheel carriage or by a led horse. A penalty at the rate of 12 cents a mile will be incurred by the contractor for each time and mile that he shall carry the same without making use of either a carriage or led horse. No alteration will be made in the times fixed for the arrival and departure of the mails in these routs.

*Note* 2. The Postmaster-General may alter the times of arrival and departure at any time during the continuance of the contracts, he previously stipulating an adequate compensation for any extra expence that may be occasioned thereby.

*Note* 3. Fifteen minutes shall be allowed for opening and closing the mail at all offices where no particular time is specified.

*Note* 4. For every fifteen minutes delay (unavoidable accidents excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar; and if the delay continue until the departure of any depending mail, whereby the mails destined for such depending mail lose a trip, an additional forfeiture of five dollars shall be incurred.

*Note* 5. Newspapers as well as letters are to be sent in the mails: and if any person, making proposals, desires to carry newspapers, other than those conveyed in the mail, for his own emolument, he must state in his proposals for what sum he will carry it with that emolument, and for what sum without that emolument.

*Note* 6. Should any person, making proposals, desire an alteration of the times of arrival and departure above specified, he must state in his proposals, the alterations desired, and the difference they will make in the terms of his contract. This note does not apply to the routs No. 9, 10, 11 and 12. No alteration will be made in those times.

*Note* 7. Persons making proposals are desired to state their prices by the year—Those who contract will receive their pay quarterly, in the month of January, April, July and October.

*Note* 8. The contracts for the routs numbered 1 to 13, are to be in operation on the 1st day of October next, and are to continue in force until the 1st of October 1804. Contracts for the routs number 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, are also to be in operation on the 1st day of October next and are to continue in force until the 1st of April 1802.

JOS. HABERSHAM,
*Postmaster-General.*

*General Post Office,*
*Philadelphia, March 20, 1800.* } eotJy.


## QUESTIONS

*To Merchants, Store keepers, and Tradesmen in general, &c.*

1st, PRAY Gentlemen, is a perfect standard of discount, or interest, calculated on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, from one day to sixty-four days inclusive, of any value, whether used as a standard, or as a check upon the enquirers' own calculations.

2d Is it of any importance to know the best methods of computing the exchanges, between this country and the principal maritime trading place in Russia, Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Prussia, Poland, Germany, Holland, Flanders, Spain, Portugal, Italy, in several of the Windward and Leeward West India Islands, and many ports in the East Indies?

3d Is a table of all the coins and monies of account in the places aforesaid, of any use?

4th Are the coins and monies of account in the aforesaid places, when reduced to dollars and cents, of any service?

5th Is a table of compound interest of any utility?

6th Is the table by which the banks determine the value of gold, desirable?

7th Is the amount of Interest, accurately calculated for each ninth from one to twelve months, and on every dollar (without exception) from 1 to 2000, of any value?

8th Is a table of all the post towns in the United States, and rates of postage therewith, of any use?

9th Will not a couple together make a book, as generally useful and convenient as ever entered a counting house or store?

10th Will not the whole, when comprised in a quarto volume of from 200 to 225 pages, be worth two dollars?

And lastly, Is the person, who at the expence of FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS undertakes to perform *upwards of one hundred and sixty thousand calculations of Interest*, and of giving all the preceding information to the public *in the most complete manner*, deserving of your Encouragement and Support?

If the answer is in the affirmative, you are individually and respectfully invited to subscribe in one of the specimen books, exhibited at the City Tavern, Hardy's Hotel, Francis's Hotel, the Indian Queen, Dunwoody's Tavern, the Franklin Head, and at the George.

It is proper to state, that the work will not be executed unless *fifteen hundred subscribers* are obtained? for four thousand dollars is too much to hazard.

NOTHING IS TO BE PAID [redacted] scribers to take the work when publi[redacted] is not delivered rigorously conformable to my agreements with the public, expressed in the conditions affixed to the specimen books, each of which consists of six detached pages of the work.

I am, with respect,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
JOHN ROWLETT,
*Accomtant, Bank of North America.*

POSTSCRIPT.

The work is dedicated, by permission, to the President and Directors of the Bank of North America, and has already received the patronage of JOHN ADAMS, President of the United States; of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate; of a large number of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives of the United States; and of the Presidents and Directors of the different Banks unanimously. *The Specimen Book in the Bank of North America, is filling very fast with subscriptions*, some for 2 copies, some for 3 copies, and some for 5 copies, *and I take this opportunity of gratefully acknowledging all favours.*

‡*‡ Gentlemen having business at either of the Banks may subscribe there as well as at the Taverns, &c already mentioned.

*Copy-right secured according to act of Congress.*
*March 10.* da3eTif

*Just Arrived,*
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
THE CARGO
*OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,*
Theodore Bliss, Commander, from Bengal
*CONSISTING OF*
An assortment of Piece Goods.
Sugars of the first quality,
And 200 qr. chests of superior quality Hyson Teas,
*Willings & Francis*, and
*Thomas & John Clifford.*
March 17 d.

## CITY OF WASHINGTON.

*THE POSSESSORS*

OF OBLIGATIONS or CERTIFICATES signed by the subscriber, for undivided Shares or Lots on his purchase within the city of Washington, who have not yet applied for and received their Deeds, are hereby notified, that their several Titles will be duly completed to the order of those who in conformity with the terms of the said Certificates, do make the Payments in full therefor, either to *Thomas M'Kean & Co.* or to the Subscriber at Philadelphia, on or at any time before the 31st day of May next.

*Samuel Blodget.*

December 17

*FOR SALE,*
SEVERAL VALUABLE
BUILDING LOTS,
Near the corner of Arch and Ninth streets.
ALSO,
*To be Sold or Let,*
A number of excellent Pasture Lots,
On the Wissahickon road, about half a mile from the city.
*** Enquire at No. 28 North Fifth street.
November 15. 1awtf



# The Gazette.

*PHILADELPHIA,*
THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 1.


Justum et tenacem propositi virum,
Non civium ardor prava jubentium,
Non vultus instantis tyranni,
Mente quatit solida.

## TRUE AMERICAN.

THE True American is an hermaphrodite character, partaking in nearly equal proportions of the *Democrat* and *Federalist*; not attached to the low tyrants of France, because they have plundered the American commerce; prejudiced, and stupidly jealous of the English, because the United States once were British colonies; and possessed of as extravagant ideas of independence and *autocracy*, as the Emperors of Russia or China.

When a Bull roared through the meadows, he excited the vanity of a Frog, who, thinking he could swell himself up to an equal size, made the foolish attempt, and bursted.

—

The Democrat hates the British government with as much justice as a highwayman hates the law, because it has been the champion of religion and social order against the most impious and powerful combination to ruin both, that men ever beheld. The True American is shy of this government, for the same reason as an ingrate shuns his benefactor, or the insolvent his creditor, to whom he owes more than he intends ever to pay.

—

If the American states continue *united*, it will be owing to some other cause than the existing strength of their government, or the present virtue of their citizens. Private ambition and state jealousy will oppose every attempt to strengthen the *Executive*, however necessary; and every attempt will hasten, more or less, a dissolution of the union Feuds and jealousies, aggravated by foreign intrigue, will pave the way to civil wars and all their attendant miseries—and altho' they may still be called independent states, whether under one or more sovereign heads, they will always be wretchedly dependent on the superior influence of foreign politics. As long as we affect to be compleatly independent of the great maritime powers of Europe, we shall alternately be the sport and victim of each. Their politics and ours will all be taken from the profligate pages of Machiavel.

—

It will require centuries to establish a national character, or to create a national spirit in the United States of America. The mixture is too heterogeneous: it is compounded of too many foul ingredients, to permit any [redacted] to be proud of the whole, [redacted] principles in individuals [redacted] the government [redacted] dation [redacted] pride. To be great, nations, as well as individuals, must be morally good. Any other kind of greatness is like the blaze of a comet, or the eruptions of a volcano—evanescent, though terrible. *Fiat justitia, si ruat cælum.*

—

From the Reading Weekly Advertiser.

—

*To the FREEMEN of BERKS COUNTY.*

Our most excellent, humane, and impartial Governor having closed his official (or electioneering) arangements, as far as respects Berks county, by appointing John S. Heister, Esq. to supercede George Eckert, Esq. as Prothonotary of the Common Pleas and Clerk of the Sessions—and Colonel Peter Frailey to supercede Messrs. Jacob Bower and James Scull, in their offices of Register of Wills, Recorder of Deeds and Clerk of the Orphans Court—I think a few remarks on the propriety of these arrangements will not be amiss. I shall therefore, in two or three subsequent numbers, according to the room Mr. Jungman has to spare in his paper, enquire how far the Governor is supported by Fact in reasons which he has assigned for his conduct and in his assertion that "if his appointments are judged by an impartial test he will be entitled to approbation."—He shall be judged by the test of *truth*, that bugbear to the Jacobins, and you, my Fellow Citizens shall determine how he stands it. As the Governor acknowledes himself accountable to his constituents for his discreet exercise of his power, I shall make no apology for this address except by stating that I am

*An Independent Elector.*

—

The legislature of this state have extended to the Pennsylvania owners of lands within the seventeen townships (to which the Connecticut claimants heretofore made pretensions) further opportunity, until *the first day of November next*, to make application for the benefits of the act of assembly of Pennsylvania, of the 4th of April 1799. The Connecticut settlers, before the decree of Trenton, have till the 1st of January next to make their submissions and releases, &c. A very considerable number have already applied for the favor of the state, under the law aforesaid.

—

## PENNSYLVANIA.

The prosperity of the state of Pennsylvania, in the present deranged condition of the world, must attract the attention of the rest of the Union, and excite the religious gratitude of its citizens. It appears by the annual return of exports, ending with September last, that there was exported in the year antecedent to Oct. 1, 1799,

| | |
|---|---|
| From Philadelphia, | Dolls. 12,431,967 |
| From Maryland, | - 16,299,605 |
| | Dolls. 28,731,572 |

These two States, then, shipt almost two fifths of the Exports of the United States! Philadelphia is known to carry on very little of the export trade for the counties of Pennsylvania, which lie to the westward of Susquehannah. Baltimore does much of the business of the South westerly part of Chester and Lancaster, and nearly all the business of Cumberland, York, and Franklin. The other counties on the Susquehannah, on its east and west branches, Juniata and Pennscreek, also carry on trade through Baltimore. Georgetown (on Potomac) Washington and Alexandria also receive some of the produce of Franklin, Bedford, Fayette, &c. All those towns are essentially ports of this state. The new settlements in various parts of Pennsylvania occasion a vast consumption of its produce, by persons emigrating from the other States and from Europe, to settle in that State. It is supposed, that the late Allegheny county alone has received such settlers to the amount of 3500 adult males (besides women, youths and children) in the last four years. The supplies furnished by Pennsylvania for the western posts and army in flour, meat, grain spirits, horses, waggons, saddlery, and other leather articles, iron work, musquets, &c. have been very considerable. The consumption by persons passing, as emigrants, through Pennsylvania in every direction to Genesee, the Western and South-western country and States, forms a very considerable and profitable object, little observed, and not reduceable to any certain estimate. A man entering Pennsylvania from Jersey, New-York, &c. at the Delaware, and proceeding with his family, cattle and waggon to Pittsburg, will be near or quite three weeks on a medium, before he leaves Pennsylvania. During all this time he and his family are consumers of the food, forage, fuel, liquors, &c. of this State. The encreased consumption of the manufactures of Pennsylvania is very important. Pennsylvania and the United States have contracted with a single workman (formerly the journeyman and son of an English gunmaker) for arms to be made here, to the amount of 40,000 dollars. Negociations with other States are depending with the person to the amount of 50,000 dollars more. Other similar contracts for the same article, and rifles, have been made, in various places—such as Philadelphia, Lancaster, the vicinity of Pittsburg, &c. A glass work has been established in Fayette, which makes common glass ware in quantities sufficient to supply all the settlers on the western waters. Since the Lancaster Turnpike Road has been perfected, not less than one hundred buildings have been erected thereon, to the vast increase of the value of that line of country. The quarries, timber, clay and limestone of the country have been converted, from their rude and worthless natural state, into dwelling houses, barns, storehouses, mills, &c. Many other facts of a like nature might be adduced. It is only by considering these details of exportation through the Delaware, Ohio, Chesapeak, and Potowmac; these internal consumptions by emigrants, new settlers, the army and manufactures, and these internal improvements of farms and building lots, that the vast and indisputable prosperity of Pennsylvania can be duly understood and estimated.

In the late session of the legislature, ten new counties were created, viz. "*Centre*," in the centre of the State; "*Adams*," out of the western part of York; "*Erie*," on Lake Erie; "*Armstrong*," out of Westmoreland, Allegany and Lycoming on Allegany river; "*Crawford*," including the upper part of Frenchcreek and Meadeville; "*Venango*," including the lower part of Frenchcreek, Fort Franklin, part of Allegany river, and part of Lycoming north of Toby's Creek: "*Butler*, *Beaver*, *Warren*, and *Mercer*," adjoining to each other and to several of the preceding. The great road from Baldeagle, in *Centre* county, through Huntingdon, Lycoming, Venango, Crawford and Erie counties was commenced in 1799, and will be finished, throughout its whole course of 150 miles, in the year 1800. Nothing, however, will more fully and effectually contribute to the animation of the real property of Pennsylvania, than *the following act of assembly*, which opens a door to foreigners, who may incline to settle down in any part of America at some future time; and which confirms to the numerous and respectable foreigners, who have purchased lands, ground rents, mortgages, &c. in Pennsylvania, the full and complete title and ownership of their property.

—

(Copy of the act before mentioned.)

*An Act to enable Aliens, in certain Cases, to purchase and hold Real Estate within this Commonwealth.*

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for each and every Foreigner or Foreigners, Alien or Aliens, not being the Subject or Subjects of some foreign State or Power which is or shall be, at the time or times of such purchase or purcasers, at war with the United States of America, to purchase lands, tenements, and hereditaments within this Commonwealth, and to have and to hold the same, *in fee simple, or for any lesser estate*, as fully, to all intents and purposes as any natural-born Citizen or Citizens may or can do: *Provided always nevertheless*, that any Foreigner or Foreigners, Alien or Aliens, shall, previously to such purchase or purchases, declare his or their intention to become a Citizen or Citizens, agreeably to an act of Congress, entitled, "An Act supplementary to and to amend the act entitled, An Act to establish an uniform Rule of Naturalization, and to repeal the Act heretofore passed on the Subject;" passed the

eighteenth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety eight.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That any Foreigner or Foreigners, Alien or Aliens, who has or have already made any *bona fide* contract or contracts, or received any patent or patents or other deed of conveyance, for or on account of the purchase of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments, within this Commonwealth, may and shall take and hold the same, in fee simple, or for any lesser estate, according to the nature of his, her, or their several respective contracts, patents, or deeds of conveyance, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as any natural-born Citizen or Citizens might or could do; any law, usage, or custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

CADWALADER EVANS, Jun.
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
ROBERT HARE,
*Speaker of the Senate.*

Approved April the eleventh, 1799.

THOMAS MIFFLIN,
*Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.*

---

"*Then certain* PHILOSOPHERS *of the Epicureans and Stoicks encountered him.*"

Attacked by such enemies, St. Paul, I pity thee. Compared with the sophistical jargon of their tongues, the buffetings of Satan were the soft strokes of a feather. Encountered by *Philosophers?* What a perilous meeting! To be stoned at Iconium, to die in prison at Philippi, or smart at all her whipping posts, were more tolerable, than to hear one moment the abstract impertinence, the visionary theories of a cold, and ill set reasoner. His head is the web of a spider, his heart is the ice of Spitzbergen, his plans are the projects of Lapu a, and his arguments turbid, as a hypocondriack's dream. If I should be asked, which was the most unlucky adventure in Paul's pilgrimage, I must reply, his interview with the *philosophick* babblers of Athens. None of his perils, and I think he enumerates eight varieties, compare with the peril of pragmatical *philosophy*. Ill fated apostle, the Epicureans and the Stoicks, encountering you, were worse company, than the barbarians of Melita, on whose rude coast you were stranded. Your night and day in the deep, your weariness and watchings, your frequent fast, and suspension in the basket of Damascus, even if it were like Falstaff's buck basket, were "light afflictions, but for a moment," to the growl of the Stoick and the lullaby of the Epicurian.

Paul was not singular in this encounter. Personages as grave, as the saint, have been encountered by certain philosophers, in the present age. Yes they have met Common Sense, Morality and Religion. Thank God, they have not routed them.

Hold hold, hasty Lay Preacher; one philosopher has published what he calls "Common Sense." Yes, I remember the book well, and asked that sober matron how she happened, even in 1775, to appear in such disordered attire.—'Twas in a fit of lunacy, when she had escaped from her keepers.

Philosophick encounters are, in effect, often as bloody, as the battles of Buonaparte. One Helvetius, with several associates, many years since, opposed the settled opinions of the French nation. The brain pans, they asserted, of all men were of similar capacity; but some were full, and others empty of education. Here was a rare discovery. Hence all the grades of intelligence. No such thing as a difference in the mental organization. Next, man had no soul. After vegetating a time, he must die, without even a chance for immortality; without even the nine struggles of a cat. Bravo, bellowed the libertines. This is a divine doctrine, this is *philosophy*. Hawk eyed *philosophy* did not stop here. She looked into the Bible, and saw mouldy leaves. She looked up to the skies, and saw nothing. She looked down to the earth and beheld fishwomen, butchers, brewers; and now was the glorious time for maudlin Philosophy to see double. They were larger than the life. They were magnified to a "*Mountain*," they were Citizens Directors, they were Executioners, Jacobins, Fiends, Reader of the writings of the Encyclopedists, believest thou my representation to be just? I know thou believest. I am persuaded thou wilt think with me that all the evils, all the atrocities of the French revolution originated in a false, impious and captious philosophy.

England has been infested with *philosophers* as well as France. You may find a minority of *philosophers* on many a Parliamentary Journal. In the shape of a *clergyman* you may find them sometimes, but not long, for they are prone to migrate. If such a passenger debarked on our shores you may know him easily. He is a busy and meddling priest. The noisy "Praise God Barebones" of the time. Addresser of de- and sapper of state pillars. Qualified to write verbose inscriptions for the charnel houses of France, to be her *Materialist* in chief, and to reduce souls to a calx, like any substance in his chymistry. You may gaze, curious American, at his attrited jar, and even behold the generous Cock agonized by his electricity, but when he interferes with your government, scowl sovereign contempt on the interloper.

THE LAY PREACHER.

---

*Extract of a letter from a mercantile house of the first respectability in London, to their correspondents here, dated March 7, 1800.*

The following resolution passed both Houses of Parliament yesterday:

*Resolved*, That whenever the average price of wheat and fine wheat flour, ascertained and published in the London Gazette, under the authority of any act or acts of Parliament, shall be less than 90s per quarter of wheat or of such wheaten flour respectively, there shall be given on every quarter of wheat and on every barrel of fine wheaten flour, which shall be imported into Great Britain from any port of Europe, South of Cape Finisterre, or from any port in the Mediterranean, or in Africa, or from any of his Majesty's colonies in America, or the U. States, before the 1st day of October 1800, bounty equal to the difference between such average prices in the London Gazette, and ninety shillings per quarter of wheat, or barrel of flour respectively."

"That whenever the current price of rice imported into this kingdom, to be ascertained by the price in the London market, shall be less than one pound fifteen shillings per hundred weight, there shall be given on every hundred weight of rice imported into Great Britain before the 1st day of October 1800, a bounty equal to the difference between such average price, and one pound fifteen shillings."

The letter which incloses the above, states the average prices of wheat throughout England and Wales, to be 106 shillings per quarter, and rice in London at 46 shillings.

---

## CONGRESS.

*HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.*

WEDNESDAY, April 30.

The bill from the Senate supplementary to the act to suspend part of an act intituled An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes, was read a first and second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House.

Mr. Harper, from the committee of Ways and Means, made a further report on the subject of the Revenue; which was committed for Monday.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee of the whole on the report of the Select Committee to whom was referred the bill from the Senate prescribing the mode of deciding disputed Elections of President and Vice-President of the United States—and Mr. Gallatin's motion to strike out that part of the bill which directs the manner in which exceptions taken to votes, shall be decided—and inserting, as a new principle, the following words "and the question on the Exception shall immediately and without debate be taken by ayes and noes, and decided by a majority of Members of both Houses then present"—being under consideration, a long debate ensued, and the question was finally negatived, ayes 44, noes 46. The bill was then gone through with, the Committee rose and the report was ordered to be taken into consideration to-morrow.

A message was received from the Senate, by Mr. Otis their Secretary, informing the House that the Senate have passed a bill to amend an act intituled an act to establish the judicial Courts of the United States, to which they request [illegible] of this House.—A[illegible] the bill [illegible] States to borrow [illegible] public service, without amendment.—Adjourned.

---

NEW-YORK, April 29.

Capt. Baily, of the sloop Speculator, from Norfolk, informs, that on Thursday last a Duel was fought at Norfolk between a Mr. Dubois and a Mr. Cushing, nephew of Judge Cushing, of New Hampshire, both Midshipmen on board the United States frigate Congress. We are sorry to add, that Mr. Cushing was shot in the neck, and died on the spot. Mr. Dubois went on board the next day; but Capt. Sever, it was reported gave him up to civil authority.

---

## Gazette Marine List.

*Port of Philadelphia.*

ARRIVED, DAYS

Brig John, Richardson, St. Sebastians 9
Abigail, Hughes, Richmond 10
Mentor, Eskman, Lisbon 59
Sloop Patience, Montgomery, N. York 4
Dolphin, Gardner, N. York 5

CLEARED,

Ship Swift Packet, Richard Surrinam
Brig Charleston, Packet, Kingston, [Jam.]
Jane, Cook, Cape Francois
Sloop Postlion, Hatcherd, Bermuda

Ship Louis, Deale, Baltimore, is taken by the French in the Bay of Bengal.

Ship Atlantic, Waters, of this port, has arrived at Calcutta.

An inward bound brig below—name unknown.

Ship Diana, Piles, sailed from Liverpool the 7th March—Left there,

Ship America Sands, for New York, to sail in 8 days.

Richard Caton, Gemmell Baltimore, do
Dianna, Bolton, Savannah, do
Moses Gill, Crocker, Boston, 6 days
Friendship, Patterson, Kennebeck, do
Rosannah, Potter, Salem, 14
Josiah Collins, Cottril, N. York, 4
Maryland, Conyngham, Baltimore, 8
Prudence, Mitchell, Philadelphia, 14
Suffolk, Whipple, New York, 20
Sally, Holbrook, Baltimore, 20
Gen. Washington, Davis, Philad. 10
Charlotte, Fitch, New-London, 6
Sally, Coffin, New-York, 20
Charleston, Church, New York, 6
Lydia, Miles, Washington, N. C.—

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 1.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Six per Cent. | 16/7 | |
| Three per Cent. | 10/1 | |
| Deferred 6 per Cent. | 13/9 | |
| 8 per Cent Stock | 5⅞ | |
| BANK United States, | 26 | Adv. |
| —— Pennsylvania, | 22 | |
| —— North America, | 50 | |

Insurance comp. N. A. shares 4 per cent. below par.
—— Pennsylvania, shares, 27 per cent. adv.
East-India Company of N. A. 6 per cent advance
Land Warrants, 32 dolls. per 100 acres.

---

THESPIAN SOCIETY.

Having observed a performance given out at the Old Theatre, South street, under the title of "The Thespian Panorama," the public are cautioned not to be led there by the name of *Thespian*, as 'tis evident the intention of this *STRANGE GANG*, in assuming the title, is only to mislead the curious, and thereby gain a crowded house, and consequently *crowded pockets*. The friends of the members are well assured that the object of the Thespian Society was not emolument. It is therefore hoped that the public will not countenance impostors.

By order of the President.

J. HAMILTON, Secretary.

April 30. 2d

---

Just Published,

*And to be Sold by Robert Campbell, No. 30, Chesnut Street, and Wm. Woodhouse, No. 6, South Front Street,*

[Price 31 Cents.]

AN EULOGY

ON

*GENERAL GEORGE WASHINGTON,*

Pronounced at Boston, on Wednesday, February 19, 1800, before the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, by their appointment, and published at their request.

*By JOHN DAVIS,*

Member of the Academy, and of the Massachusetts Historical Society.

---

*ALSO,*

[Price 18¾ Cents.]

AN EULOGY

ON THE

*ILLUSTRIOUS GEORGE WASHINGTON,*

Pronounced at Milton, 22d Feb. 1800

BY CHARLES PINCKNEY SUMNER.

may 1 d12t

---

*FOR SALE,*

350,000 wt. of choice green Coffee,
150,000 wt. of Muscovado Sugar,
50 tons of Fustic.

JUST ARRIVED

In the brigs Mary & Amiable Adelle.

JAMES YARD.

May 1. d15t.

---

RIBBONS.

A large and very general assortment of Satin, Chinese and Love Ribbons, just imported in the ship Diana, capt. Pile, and for sale by

LORAIN & SON,
*No. 5, North Third Street.*

may 1 dtf

---

For Sale,

*THE FAST SAILING*

BRIG

*JACK,*

[illegible] arrived from Bo[illegible] eight hundred barthen, now laying at Bell's wharf.—Apply to

*JOSEPH SHOEMAKER, Jun.*
No. 88, So. Front Street.

may 1 d1w

---

*AN ELEGANT & HEALTHY*

SUMMER RETREAT,

FOR SALE.

AT the Merchant's Coffee House on the 7th day of the fifth month, at 7 o'clock in the evening, will be sold by auction, that elegant and healthy Country Seat, the late residence of John G. W. De Prahm, deceased; with about 40 acres of land, situate on the old York road, about six miles from this city; on the premises is a handsome and well finished Dwelling House, with a kitchen and other improvements, well adapted for the accommodation of a genteel family; with two other well built Stone Houses suitable for a Farmer and Gardener; (one of them three stories high) an excellent stone barn with a cellar under it and stables adjoining, sufficient for 12 or 14 horses, a coach house almost new, over which is a grannery; two small apple orchards, a large garden handsomely laid out and well stored with fruits, vegetables, &c. At a convenient distance from the dwelling is an excellent spring of water, with a stone house over it, and a pump of good water near the kitchen door. Possession may be had immediately after the sale. The condition will be made known at the time of sale.

JOHN CONNELLY, *Auctioneer.*

may 1 dtf

---

A Stray Colt.

BROKE out of the Stable of the Subscriber yesterday morning, a bay Filly, 2 years old past, about 14 hands high, well made and shews a good deal of blood. Has a small star in her forehead, black legs, mail and tail. Whoever will deliver her to me shall be generously rewarded.

J. B. BOND,
Corner of Market and Sixth Street.

may 1 dtf

---

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Gen. Ridgely of Baltimore, on the 20th inst a light coloured negro man, who calls himself WILLIAM Mc. DONALD; He is about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, neat in his dress, and has a good suit of hair. Had on, when he went away, a good beaver hat, a short light green cloth coat, edged with yellow, and yellow gilt buttons—a light buff cassimer, double breasted waistcoat, a pair of dark olive coloured thickset pantaloons—a white linen shirt, white ribbed cotton stockings, and a good pair of shoes with strings. He took with him a dark blue coat; a pair of olive cassimer pantaloons, and a light corduroy pair of breeches; also a gold or pinchbeck watch, with a steel chain. He is fond of spiritous liquors, is insolent, has a stupid look, and chews tobacco.—He was bred in Charles county, Maryland, and purchased of col. John Thomas by gen. Ridgeley. Whoever apprehends said negro, and secures him in any jail so that the owner may get him again, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable charges if brought home, or delivered to Joshua B. Bond, Philadelphia.

may 1 dtf

---

*Philadelphia Academy.*

SAMUEL MAGAW, *D. D.*
Rector of St. Paul's Church, and formerly Vice-Provost of the University of Pennsylvania,

AND

JAMES ABERCROMBIE, *A. M.*
One of the Assistant Ministers of Christ church and St. Peter's,

*HAVE OPENED,*
At No. 24, Spruce Street,

AN ACADEMY,

CONSISTING OF

1. AN English School, in which will be taught Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Composition, Elocution, and Natural History.

2d. A Mathematical School, in which will be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Mercantile Accounts, Geography, and the use of the Globes, Geometry, or the elements of Euclid, Trigonometry, both Plane and Spherical, Mensuration, Gauging, Surveying, Navigation, in all its parts, Dialling, Conic-sections, Fortification, Gunnery, Astronomy, Algebra and Fluxions, with their application to the different parts of Mathematics. *This department will be conducted by*

MR. PETER DELAMAR,
*formerly Professor of Mathematics in the Royal Military and Marine Academy, Dublin—and latterly* IN THE FRIGATE UNITED STATES.

3d. A Classical School, in which will be taught the Latin and Greek Languages, in conjunction with Chronology, Civil History, Rhetoric, and Institutes of Moral Science.

Philad. April 30. 12awtf.

---

*An Original American Work.*

BY SUBSCRIPTION.

PROPOSAL

*To publish for the Author a periodical Work,*

ENTITLED

THE LAY PREACHER;

OR

Essays, Moral, Economical, Political and Literary.

"May not I strive, amid the motley throng,
ALL PALE AND PENSIVE, as I muse along,
To frame a work, which leads to cheap renown
In my *lay habit*,—not the sacred gown?
—Once, in my morn of life, a wizard said
You ne'er shall rise by benefice, or trade;
But find, remote from consequence or fame,
A LOCAL SOMETHING and a SHADOWY NAME;
Through crowds shall mark your solitary way,
Arden,t though thoughtful, and though serious, gay,
Bow to *no populace* for golden views,
Your portion, memory, and best gift, your muse."

*Pursuits of Literature.*

CONDITIONS.

These essays will be comprised in two volumes royal octavo. The work will be printed on wire woven paper, and with a large, elegant and distinct type.

The price will be Four Dollars; one half of which must be paid at the time of subscription.

These volumes will contain many unpublished numbers in addition to those, which, at various periods have appeared in the Farmer's Museum, and the Gazettes of the United States.

A list of the Subscribers will be recorded in the front of the first volume, as a proper tribute of respect, on the part of the Publisher and Author to those, who patronize the efforts of young men, solicitous to disseminate correct principles in Morals and Literature.

The Work will be put to the Press, as soon as the subscriptions will justify the expence of printing of the book with peculiar elegance and care.

Subscriptions will be received in this city by *John Ward Fenno*, the Publisher; and by *Thomas Dobson, James Humphreys* and *Asbury Dickins*. In New-York by *William Cobbett*. In Boston by *James White*. In Salem by *John Dabney*. In Providence by *John Carter*. In Hartford by *Hudson & Goodwin*. In Baltimore by *George Hill*. In Richmond by *Augustine Davis*. In Charleston, S. C. by *Wm. P. Young*. In Trenton by *Gershom Craft*. In New Brunswick by *Jacob Tallman*. In Newark by *Jacob Halsey*; and

In London by *Cadell & Davies* in the Strand, and messrs. *F. & C. Rivington*; and by *Bell and Bradfute*, Edinburgh.

april 30.

---

*DICKINS'*

PROPOSALS

*For importing the following periodical Publications,*

The British Critic,
The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine,
The Gentleman's Magazine,
The New Yearly Register.
Le Mercure Britannique, or The British Mercury.

The preceding publications will be received regularly at Philadelphia by the way of New-York, about two months after their publication in London.

Subscriptions will be received for all or either of them from any part of the Continent, at Dickins's Book Store, No. 45, North Second Street, opposite Christ Church, Philadelphia.

april 29 dtf

---

Baltimore and New York Mail Stage Office

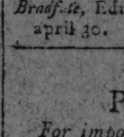
IS removed from No 13 South Fourth street, to No. 18 South Third street.

An Office for those stages is also kept at Mr Hardy's Inn, No. 98 Market street.

General Post Office, April 28.

---

FOR GREENOCK,



THE SHIP

*HANNAH,*

Of Philadelphia,

DAVID BROWN, *Master*,

WILL sail in about ten days, she is between 3 and 4 years old, newly repaired, sails fast, and is expected to return early in the Fall.—For freight or passage apply to the captain on board at Latimer's wharf, or to

WILLIAM YOUNG,
*No. 52, South Second Street.*

april 25. dtf.

---

LANDING,

From on board the brig Jack, Abraham Dely master, from Cape Francois,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Green Coffee, in hogsheads,

AND

A quantity of Logwood.

JOSEPH SHOEMAKER, Junr.
*No. 88, South Front Street.*

April 29. d4w

---

FOR HAMBURG,

THE SHIP

ROEBUCK.

To sail with all convenient speed.

☞ For freight or passage, apply to No. 21 Pine Street.

April 29. d6f

---

NOTICE.

☞ THE Creditors of the subscriber, of every description, are earnestly requested to attend at the Coffee House south Second street, on Friday evening next, the 2d of May, at six o'clock, to take into consideration proposals he will then make them.

BENJAMIN GRAYSON ORR.

April 29 d4t

---

*ON FRIDAY,*

The second of May at 7 o'clock in the evening, will be sold by Public Auction, at the Merchant's Coffee House, the following

VALUABLE PROPERTY:

*A Three Story Brick House,*

WITH extensive back buildings, situate in Front below Pine street. The house contains two large rooms on each floor, and is 32 feet 8 inches in front, and 52 feet 6 inches deep. The piazza is 10 feet 6 inches in length, and 12 feet 6 inches in width, in which is carried up an elegant stair case. The back buildings are 45 feet in depth and 23 feet and 8 inches in width, and contain on the first floor, a parlour, kitchen, pantry and stair case. The second and third stories are divided into convenient chambers; the lot is 131 feet 6 inches deep, and has the privilege of a court into Lombard Street. The house is not plastered, but the carpenter's work is nearly finished.

Persons wishing to view the premises previous to the day of sale, will please to apply to No. 168, South Front street, for the keys.

*A Lot of Ground,*

Nineteen feet 11 inches front, and 57 feet in depth, upon the court leading into Lombard street; the purchaser of the house will be entitled to this lot.

Conditions as follows, viz.

One 4th in 60 days—one 4th in 6 months—one 4th in 12 do—one 4th in 15 do, approved security and interest on the three last payments.

JOHN CONNELLY, *Auctioneer.*

april 28.

---

THE Governor of the State having thought fit to deprive the subscriber of his commission, of Register of Wills and granting Letters of Administration for the city and county of Philadelphia, (which he had held for eighteen years past) and to give the same to his Excellency's son, Jos. B. M'Kean, Esq. he informs his friends and the public, that he has opened an office at No. 143, North Water street, as Attorney at Law, where the strictest attention shall be paid to the business of such of his friends and fellow citizens as may think proper to apply to him; he further informs them, that a number of probates of wills with copies annexed; also certified copies of wills and of settled accounts, yet remain in the office of the subscriber, which the persons concerned are requested to call for.

GEO. CAMPBELL.

Philapelphia, 22d April. 2awtf

---

NOTICE.

☞ All persons indebted to the estate of PHILIP SUPER, late of the Northern Liberties, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and those having demands on the same, to bring in their accounts duly attested, at No. 35 Key's Alley.

PHILIP SUPER, Junr.
JACOB SUPER.

April 30. eo3t

---

*Thespian Panorama.*

The members of this society are truly sorry to find that they should, by any means whatever, hurt the feelings of the *Thespian Society*, by assuming, it seems, their title. But this we must beg leave to observe to them, is a grand mistake, as it was a thought of Mrs Rowson's own (who is now a member of this society) for her benefit at Mr. Ricket's Circus, in May 1798;—and what they mean by cautioning the public against a gang of *impostors*, they are perhaps themselves unable to answer; as it can very easily be proved, that Mr. Durang and Mr Rowson, as well as the rest of the company, have always conducted themselves with the strictest propriety, both in Mr. Ricket's company and others which they have played in: and why the Thespian Society should wish to be so illiberal as to injure and prevent in any degree, honest industry from gaining a livelihood, is only to be answered by illiberal *minds*.

Jno Durang,
Jno. B. Rowson.

May 1.

---

*Old Theatre, South Street.*

THE THESPIAN PANORAMA.

On Thursday evening, May 1, will be presented, a Comedy, (in one act) called

THE COBLER AT HOME;

*Or, The Devil upon Two Sticks.*

DANCING ON THE WIRE,

By Mr. Durang.

Clown to the Wire, Mr. La Feavre.

The much admired Ballad, called

Rosina, or Harvest Home.

*Told in action. With Songs Dances, &c.*

To which will be added, a grand Pantomime Entertainment, with music, scenery, machinery, tricks, leaps and decorations, prepared for the piece, called

HARLEQUIN NEPTUNE;

*Or, The Temple of Hymen.*

Doors will be open at half past six, and the curtain to rise precisely at half past seven o'clock. Box, three quarters of a dollar—Pit half a dollar—Gallery one quarter of a dollar.

†‡† Tickets to be had of mr. North, next door to the theatre.

Places in the Boxes may be had of mr. Rowson, at the Box Lobby, from ten to one o'clock, every day, and from two to five on the play day.

N. B. No segars to be smoked in the house, nor no person admitted behind the scenes on any account. ¶15

PROPOSALS

## By WILLIAM COBBETT,

*For importiog the following periodical publications:*

1. The British Critick;
2. The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine;
3. The Gentleman's Magazine;
4. Le Mercure Britanique, or The British Mercury.

THE *British Critick* is a regular Review of all the works published in Great Britain; it is conducted with great impartiality and ability, and of the numerous publications of the kind which do now appear, and which have appeared in Great Britain; it is universally allowed to be the best.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

*The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine* is as its title seems to indicate, rather more confined, as to the nature of its subjects, but it certainly is not less calculated for extensive utility. This work is divided into four departments: 1 Original Criticism—2 A Review of the other Reviews--3 Occasional Essays, in prose and verse—and 4th, A Monthly Summary of History and Politics. Every six months it has a supplement, containing a review of foreign works, not forgetting those of America. The Anti-Jacobin dwells less on subjects which are merely literary and scientific, than on those which have a more immediate influence on society. With a bold and masterly hand, it corrects the blunderings of error, traces the intricate windings of misrepresentation, and strips off the mask of hypocrisy. The avowed champion of the church and the state, it spares the enemies of neither, whether open or secret; and, scorning the pusillanimous defensive, upon which the friends of truth have too long acted, it carries on a continual and vigorous offensive warfare against anarchy, immorality, and irreligion, and thus establishes by its uniform conduct, its right to the title it has assumed.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

*The Gentleman's Magazine*, a work stamped with the approbation of three score years, consists chiefly, of communications from antiquaries and cultivators, and of original essays, in verse and prose written by the most learned and ingenious men in the kingdom, and embracing by turns, almost every subject interesting to man. The miscellaneous part of the work is followed by a selection of authentick foreign and domestick intelligence, including official reports, state-papers, and an abstract of the proceedings in parliament; next comes a very copious obituary, being not merely a list of deaths, but a valuable series of biography; to which is added, a Meteorological Diary and Table, a Bill of Mortality for London and its environs, a table of the average prices of corn, and of the stocks, for every day in the month: So that this work must ever be an entertaining and useful companion, not only to those who are of the learned professions, commonly so called, but to the merchant, the farmer, and, in short, to every man, whatever may be the subject of his study, or the object of his pursuit.

[*Price 40 Cents.*]

*Le Mercure Britannique*, or, *British Mercury*; by Monsieur Mallet Du Pan.—This work, of which one number is published every fortnight, in French and in English, commenced in August 1798. and is continued with encreasing spirit and celebrity. It is both *historical* and *critical*; it contains a summary, and is the repository, of all the important events, established facts and public instruments, which relate to the present æra; it investigates points of fact, of politics, and national rights; it extends its view over all the nations of Europe, examines the conduct and discloses the motives of their respective courts; it is in short a brief and comprehensive history of the times, equally remarkable for the elegance of its style, the profundity of its remarks, and the soundness of its principles.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

These four works comprise every thing useful in the periodical way. Gentlemen may subscribe for all, or for either, of them. The first order is intended to be sent off on the 1st of May next; the successive numbers will be received at New York in two months upon an average after, their publication in London, so that those which are subscribed for on or before the 1st of May, will be received in September; after which they will with very little irregularity, come to hand once a month, the importer having made such arrangements as cannot fail of securing punctuality on the part of his correspondents.

☞ Subscriptions will be received from any part of America, by J. W. FENNO, Philadelphia. No advance is required. The prices are but four cents a number higher than in London.

*April 3.*

---

*This Day Published,*

By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut Street,

(Price 25 Cents)

THE

## *Death of General Washington.*

A POEM.

In imitation of the manner of Ossian.

By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A. M.

Minister of the First Presbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia.

☞ Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be published on Monday morning.

March 15. d.

---

*JUST COME TO HAND,*

And for sale at

W. YOUNG, J. & J. CRUKSHANK, AND THOMAS DOBSON'S BOOKSTORES,

## A POEM,

*Sacred to the memory of*

## GEORGE WASHINGTON,

Late President of the United States, and Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States.

Adapted to the 22d February 1800.

By *RICHARD ALSOP.*

march 26:

---

## To be Rented,

AND immediate possession given, if required, a new two story Brick House and Kitchen, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, on the great road to Newtown. Enquire of the Printer.

march 27 dtf.

---

## INDIA GOODS.

ALEXANDER J. MILLER,

*No. 105 South Front street, opposite the Custom House,*

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

*Per the ship Harmony, captain KOLLOCK, from Calcutta,*

Garrahs Superior,
Garrahs Berboom,
Do. Catwa,
Gazzunahs,
Baftas,
Cossacs,
Mamoodies,
Fine plain Mullmulls and Hand'fs.

*ALSO,*

*Per the ship Jean, captain M'Pherson, from Canton,*

White Nankeens,
Yellow Do.
Lutestrings and Shenshaws,
Sewing Silks,
Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas of an excellent quality.

April 22. dtf

---

*Just Arrived,*

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

## THE CARGO

*Of the Ship CANTON,*

Richard Dale, Commander, from Canton,

CONSISTING OF

Bohea, Souchong, Hyson Skin, Young Hyson and Hyson. } TEAS.

White, Yellow } NANKEENS.

Sugar of 1st quality.
China Ware.
Cassia.
Fans.
An assortment of Silks.

WILLINGS & FRANCIS,

*No. 21, Penn Street.*

April 14. d.

---

JUST RECEIVED,

*From the BOSTON Manufactory,*

*A QUANTITY OF*

## WINDOW GLASS,

*Of different sizes,*

*FOR SALE*

By ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

---

## *LANCASTER STAGES.*

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaster line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the past favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, sober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Those who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, sign of United States Eagle, Market street, Philadelphia.

*Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.*

*Nov. 30.* ¶ 2t—§

---

## WHEREAS

BY a decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause, JAMES against NEWMAN, it is among other things referred to Wm. Graves, Esq. one of the masters of the said court, "to take an account of the Legacies bequeathed by the will of the testator, WILLIAM PHILLIPS, late of Newgate street, London, deceased, and also to inquire and state to the court, whether Francis James, the brother of the complainant's named as one of the Legatees in the said will is dead, and whether he died in the life time of the testator;" Therefore all persons who can give any information whether the said Francis James be living or dead, and if living where he now resides or last resided, and when and at what place, and when and where he was last heard of, and if dead, when and where he died, are hereby requested to give such information to the said William Graves, Esq. at his office in Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, on or before the first day of March next, otherwise he will be excluded the benefit of the said decree.

The said Francis James was born at or near Kidwelly, in the county of Caermarthen, and if living, is about the age of thirty-four years, and about the year 1779, was a foremast man on board the Milford, a merchant ship, belonging to the port of Bristol, and sailed for Jamaica in September, 1780, afterwards he returned to Bristol, and in November, 1781, was pressed in Kingroad, Bristol, and sent on board the king's frigate called the Diomede, in which he sailed from Plymouth on a cruise, and on board of which he afterwards became a quarter gunner, and deserted the said ship at Charleston Bar in North-America in September 1782.

Should any person in the United States of America, be enabled to give information of the above named Francis James, whether living or dead, they are requested to communicate the same to DAVID A. OGDEN, No. 69, Stone street, New-York.

☞ The printers throughout the United States are requested to publish the above.

april 18:

---

I HAVE a good many LOTS in the city of Washington, some of them in desirable situations for gentlemen to live on; others on the water of Rock Creek, and fronting south on the street leading over the bridge, esteemed the best stands in the city for business. I wish to sell some of them; the title is clear. Any person inclined to purchase is requested to apply to Mr. Joshua Johnson, Mr. Cranch, Mr. Dumot, Mr. Hoben, or

THOMAS JOHNSON.

April 21. d4w

---

## VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

*About 25 acres of Land,*

LAYING on the east side of the Falls Road.—On the East it is bounded by property belonging to Mr. Tench Francis, sen.—on the south, by a road of two perches, and on the north by a lane, which separates it from Mr. M'Call. It is proposed to divide this land into 3 equal parts in order to suit the purchasers.

Also, 31 acres, situated on the west side of Germantown road, adjoining Masters's estate, being part of the property of the late Samuel Mifflin.

For terms apply to Samuel Mifflin, corner of Market and 11th streets.

January 28 dtf.

---

## CHINA GOODS.

*Imported in the ship* New Jersey, *from Canton, and for sale by Archibald McCall, No. 187 South Second Street,*

White and Yellow Nankeens,
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson skin,
Bohea and Souchong Teas,
Black Sattins and Lutestrings, Hair Ribbon,
Cassia, and Rheubarb in chests,
Sugar in boxes and bags.

ALSO ON HAND,

A small assortment of China ware, and a few Hhds Prime Jamaica Sugar.

April 4. dtf

---

IMPORTED

*In the Harmony, capt. Kollock from Calcutta,*

AND FOR SALE,

*By JOHN MILLER, Junr. No. 80, Dock-street,*

Cossaes
Baftas
Emerties
Guzeenahs
Mamoories
Fine Handkerchiefs
Doreas
Black Persians
Hyson Teas, Heavy Pepper } of excellent quality.
Sugar
Block Tin of the best kind.

*Also, by the ship Pennsylvania, from Batavia,*

JAVA COFFE & SUGAR.

April 17. dtf

---

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

a number of

## *Journeymen Taylors.*

SUCH as are industrious and well disposed, will meet with liberal encouragement, by applying to either of the subscribers, at their respective places of abode.

James M'Alpin,
Charles C. & J. Watson,
John Still, 3,
James Cummings,
Selby Hickman,
Thomas Harrison,
Caleb Hughes,
William M'Ilhenney,
Kenneth Jewell,
Benjamin Sharp,
Jacob Thomas
William Ashby,
Enoch Wright,
Joseph Wildes,
Benjamin Thaw,
John Webb.

April 14. dtf

---

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

## PETER FOSTER & Co.

*Of DUCK CREEK,*

IN the state of Delaware, being this day dissolved, all persons having demands against said partnership will apply to the subscriber, and such as are indebted to said concern will please to make payment to

PETER FOSTER.

Duck Creek, April 1. 2aw

---

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late house of *Irwin & Bryson*, of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of such monies of that firm, as have been received by the subscriber, will be made on the twentieth day of May next, among those creditors who shall have before that time furnished their accounts properly attested to

WILSON HUNT.

Acting assignee.

April 21 dtoM

---

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having claims against *Richard S. Footman*, surviving partner of the house of Footman & Co. also those having claims against the estate of *Richard S. Footman*, deceased, are desired to exhibit their accounts, well authenticated; and all those indebted to the said firm are requested to make immediate payment to

JOHN M'CLELLEN,

Administrator to the estate of R. S. Footman.

*Frankford, April 9.* d3ot

---

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

APRIL 22, 1800.

THE Proprietors of Funded Stock credited on the Books of the Treasury, who do not prefer receiving their quarterly dividends, at the city of Washington, are requested to cause their credits to be transferred to the books of some one of the Commissioners of Loans.

The Attornies of foreign creditors who are not able to comply with the foregoing recommendation, and who are desirous of receiving their dividends at the Bank of the United States, as heretofore practised, are requested to give notice to the Register of the Treasury, of the names of the foreign creditors, and the sums of stock for which they are attornies, that measures may be seasonably taken for complying with their wishes.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

*Secretary of the Treasury.*

april 23 d2w

---

*Thirty Dollars Reward.*

DESERTED

FROM the Marine Barracks on the night of the 14th inst—JOHN OSBORN, born in the town of Bedford, West Chester county and state of New-York, aged 24 years, 9 months, 5 feet 8 and a quarter inches high, grey eyes (long qued) light hair, ruddy complexion, pock marked, by trade a Shoemaker. Enlisted by Lieutenant Reynolds in Stephen's Town, near Albany the 25th of June last. Had on and took with him a short round blue cloth coat with a red cape, a blue cloth coatee, a few white waistcoats, a long grey mixed cloth coat and breeches, a pair of boots, a chocolate coloured great coat trimmed with black hair plush, a fur hat half worn, and two silver watches, one a middle size, the other small. He may impose himself on some family or gentleman as a waiter, as he has acted in that capacity.—Whoever apprehends said Deserter, and secures him in jail, sends him to Headquarters, or delivers him to any of the Marine officers, or any officer of the army of the United States shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

J. S. LEWIS,

*Adjutant Marine Corps.*

January 16.

---

## For Sale,

*The Cargo of the ship Molly, captain Swain, from Batavia,*

CONSISTING OF

SUGAR in whole and half cannisters,
Ceribon Coffee,
Black Pepper,
Sapan Dye Wood,
Ebony, and
Thirty two bales of Cotton Yarn.

ALSO, THE SAID

*SHIP*

## MOLLY,

BURTHEN four thousand three hundred barrels of Flour, mounts 18 nine pounders, with shot and small arms compleat and is newly coppered to the bends with patent copper. Apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

March 15. tu.th&sa.tf

---

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

*JUST PUBLISHED,*

AND

*FOR SALE,*

AT THIS OFFICE,

*A SKETCH OF THE*

## Life and Character

OF

*PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNIKSKI,*

Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias,

WITH

## The History of his Campaigns.

*Translated from the German of Frederick Anthing.*

To which is added,

*A concise and comprehensive History of*

## His Italian Campaign.

By William Cobbett.

*With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.*

[Price 2 1-2 Dollars.]

*Portrait of Marshal Suworow.*

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness, executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian Chieftain, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 12.

---

## NOTICE.

A CERTIFICATE of one Share of the Bank of the United States, No. 29120, in the name of Lewis Peter Quintyn, and a Certificate of two Shares of the said Bank, No. 29119, in the name of George James Cholmondely, Earl of Cholmondely, were forwarded from New-York by the Chesterfield British Packet for Falmouth, which was captured by the French, and the Certificates lost or destroyed, and for which application is made at said Bank for the renewal thereof, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

February 21. d3m.

---

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

APRIL 21, 1800.

[redacted] by given, in pursuance of [redacted] passed on the [redacted] and eight hundred, [redacted] act in addition to an act, intituled, an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the Society of the United Brethren for propagating the Gospel among the Heathen," as follows;

1st. All the fractional parts of the quarter townships adjoining to the Indian boundary line of the tract of land referred to in said act, except the fractional quarter townships number *four* in township number *seven* of range number *twenty*: also, all the fractional parts of the quarter townships adjoining to the river Scioto, except the quarter townships number *one* and *four*, in township number *one* of range number *nineteen*; the quarter townships number *two* and *three* of township number *three*, in range number *nineteen*; and the quarter townships number *one* and *four* in township number *five*, of range number *twenty*; together with the *fifty* quarter townships hereafter described, are reserved to be located, for the original holders of warrants granted for military services, or their heirs, in lots of one hundred acres, pursuant to the act above recited.

2d. The following is a description of the fifty quarter townships referred to in the preceding article and which were designated by lot in the presence of the Secretary of War, pursuant to the act above recited:

| Range. | Township. | Qr. Town. | Range. | Township. | Qr. Town. | Range. | Township. | Qr. Town. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| | 8 | 2 | | 6 | 2 | | 3 | 4 |
| | 8 | 4 | | 7 | 3 | | 8 | 1 |
| | 10 | 1 | | 8 | 2 | 11 | 6 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | | 8 | 3 | | 8 | 1 |
| | 3 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 13 | 8 | 4 |
| | 5 | 1 | | 6 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 3 |
| | 5 | 3 | | 7 | 2 | | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 1 | | 7 | 3 |
| | 7 | 1 | | 2 | 3 | | 7 | 4 |
| | 7 | 2 | | 4 | 3 | 16 | 2 | 4 |
| | 8 | 4 | | 5 | 1 | | 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 4 | 3 | | 7 | 3 | | 6 | 1 |
| | 10 | 3 | | 9 | 3 | | 7 | 2 |
| 5 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 3 | | 7 | 4 |
| | 7 | 1 | | 7 | 4 | 17 | 7 | 4 |
| | 9 | 3 | | 9 | 4 | | | |

3d All the lands in each of the above fifty quarter townships, and in the fractional parts of quarter townships before described, have been divided upon the respective plats thereof, as returned by the Surveyor General, into as many lots of one hundred acres each, as the quantity such quarter township or fraction is stated to contain will admit, in the manner pointed out and required by the above recited act.

4th. The plats divided as aforesaid into lots of one hundred acres are deposited in the office of the Register of the Treasury where the locations are to be made; and upon surrendering the warrants which shall be thus located, patents will be issued in the manner and upon the conditions prescribed by law.

*Given under my hand at Philadelphia the day and year above-mentioned.*

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

*Secretary of the Treasury.*

april 22. d1w—2aw3m.

---

## ELECTION.

THE Contributors to the Pennsylvania Hospital are desired to take notice, that the Election will be held at the said Hospital on the 5th day of the 5th month, 1800, (being the second day of the week), to be opened at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the choice of twelve Managers and a Treasurer for the ensuing year.

By order of a Board of Managers,

SAMUEL COATES, *Sec'ry.*

4 mo. 8th 1800. 22w—d5t.

---

## MAP OF NEW-JERSEY.

THE commissioners appointed for the purpose of circulating subscription papers, to the proposed plan of procuring an accurate Map of New-Jersey, immediately after their appointment transmitted printed copies of the plan to various persons in the several counties of this state, and in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, and since that time, through the medium of the public prints, have requested the gentlemen entrusted with those papers, to return the number of subscribers by them respectively procured, to James Salter, Esq. at Trenton, on or before the 6th day of February last. The number of subscriptions received, not amounting to two thousand, the commissioners did not conceive themselves authorized to fix a day for the meeting of the company; nevertheless being of opinion from respectable information, that the actual subscriptions are nearly, if not fully, adequate to the complete organization of the company, if they could be ascertained by regular returns, and being convinced that a trifling degree of exertion, on the part of the persons holding the subscription lists, would enable them to carry the intention of the subscribers into effect, they have by the unanimous advice and consent of the subscribers, whom they have been able to consult, fixed on the 14th day of May next, being the 2d day of the sitting of the supreme court, for a meeting of the subscribers at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the State House in Trenton, for the purpose of electing five Trustees and a Treasurer, if the number of subscriptions should be sufficient, or in any event to determine on the measures necessary to secure the attainment of an object so useful to the state.

From the universal approbation exhibited by their fellow-citizens, at the commencement of this undertaking, it was to be expected that the subscriptions returned would have ensured its immediate execution, and the commissioners are persuaded if proper attention is paid to the procuring of subscriptions, to their punctual return at the time fixed for the meeting, and to the attendance of the subscribers, either in person or by proxy, that no farther delay will take place in commencing the operations of the company, in time for their execution during the course of the ensuing summer.

WILLIAM PEARSON, MASKEL EWING, THOMAS M'POTTER. } Commrs.

TRENTON, March 22, 1800.

N. B. Subscription papers are left with the following (among other) gentlemen, in their respective counties, to whom those persons desirous of promoting the object of the company are requested to apply:

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm. Campfield, Esq. | *Morris.* |
| Gershom Dunn, Esq. | *Middlesex.* |
| Artis Seagrave, Esq. | *Salem.* |
| Silas Dickerson, Esq. | *Sussex.* |
| George Burgin, Esq. | *Cumberland.* |
| Wm M'Eowen, Esq. | *Somerset.* |
| William Lloyd, Esq. | *Monmouth.* |
| Joseph Hankinson, Esq. | *Hunterdon.* |
| Peter Ward, Esq. | *Bergen.* |
| Charles Clark, Esq. | *Essex.* |

The above gentlemen, with all others holding subscription papers, are particularly requested to forward the original subscription papers, to *James Salter*, Esq. Treasurer at or before the 14th day of May next.

March 26,

---

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,

OR EXCHANGED,

*For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,*

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

---

## *Fifty Dollars Reward.*

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the morning of Saturday the 19th instant, a mulatto Servant Man, named Wilks, but commonly called John; he is about 24 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, slender and knocked kneed; he is a dark mulatto, has thick bushy hair, which he commonly wears plaited and turned up short behind; his face is thin, but appears more so from having large whiskers; he had on when he went away, a round hat about half worn, white muslin cravat, a brown second hand coat with fashionable metal buttons, a black silk waistcoat, with a white one underneath, pantaloons of a greyish cloth with buttons at the ancles, striped cotton stockings and shoes. He may have changed these clothes, but it is not likely, as he has left all his others behind him. I am told a servant of General Ridgely's, with whom he was intimate ran-away on Sunday morning; it is not improbable but they are together. Wilks is from Chester-town on the eastern shore of this state, where he lived with a mr. Jeremiah Nichols who sold him to me. I have good reason to believe he has gone to Philadelphia.

The above reward will be given to any person who may lodge him in jail at that or any other place, and give me or mr Joseph S. Lewis of Philadelphia notice of the same.

He is an excellent house servant, and if in Philadelphia will probably offer himself to hire in that capacity,

W. GILMER.

Baltimore, April 22—(25) d.

---

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwise *CUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman, Esq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemish in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Forge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almost new, a sailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a twan'down striped under jacket; a rorum hat; one fine and one coarse shirt one muslin handkerchief, sprigged, two ditto striped border, a blue Persian under jacket and two pair cotton stockings. Whoever takes up said negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neigbouring states shall have the above reward or reasonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As said negro formerly lived in Chester county, it is probable he may return there.

November 5

---

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*